

Corso di Laurea Magistrale
in Ingegneria dell'Automazione



Algoritmi di pattugliamento 2D per reti di videosorveglianza multicamera

Relatore: Prof. Luca Schenato
Correlatore: Dott. Davide Raimondo (Pavia/ETH)

Laureando: Marco Pattarello
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Padova, 5 Aprile 2011

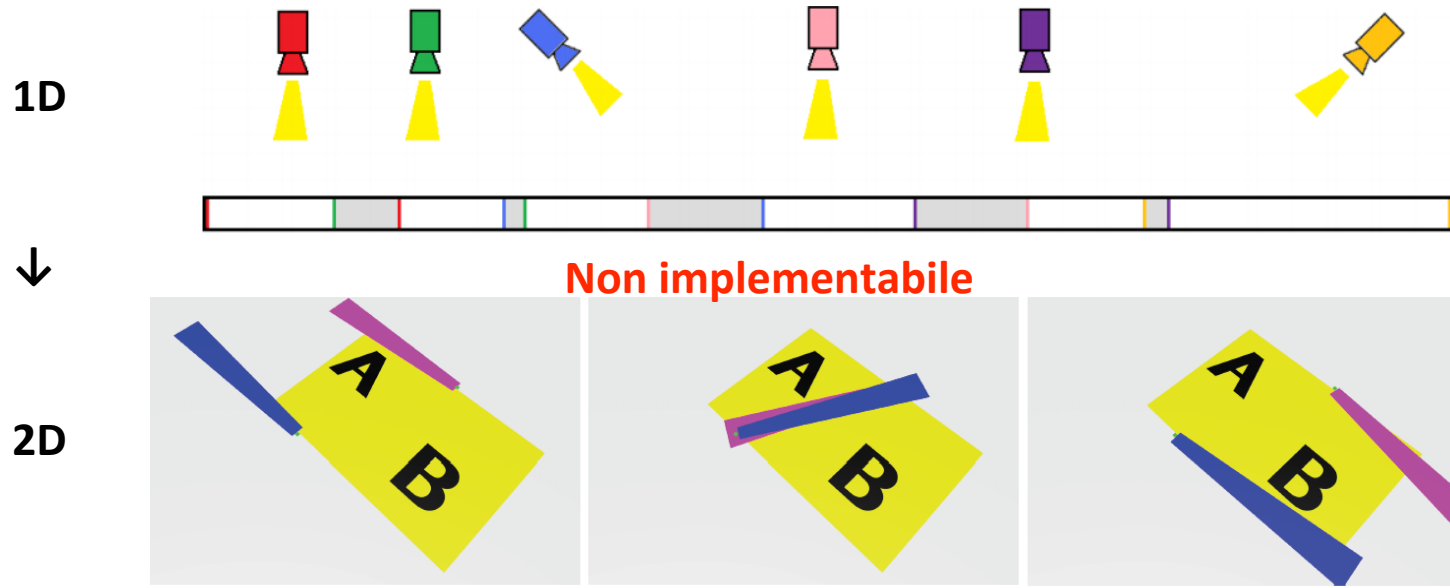
Descrizione generale progetto



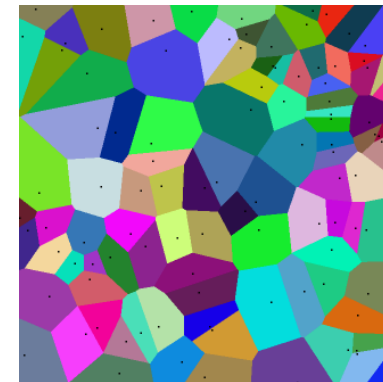
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Stato dell'arte



PATROLLING DETERMINISTICO
Partitioning (Voronoi)



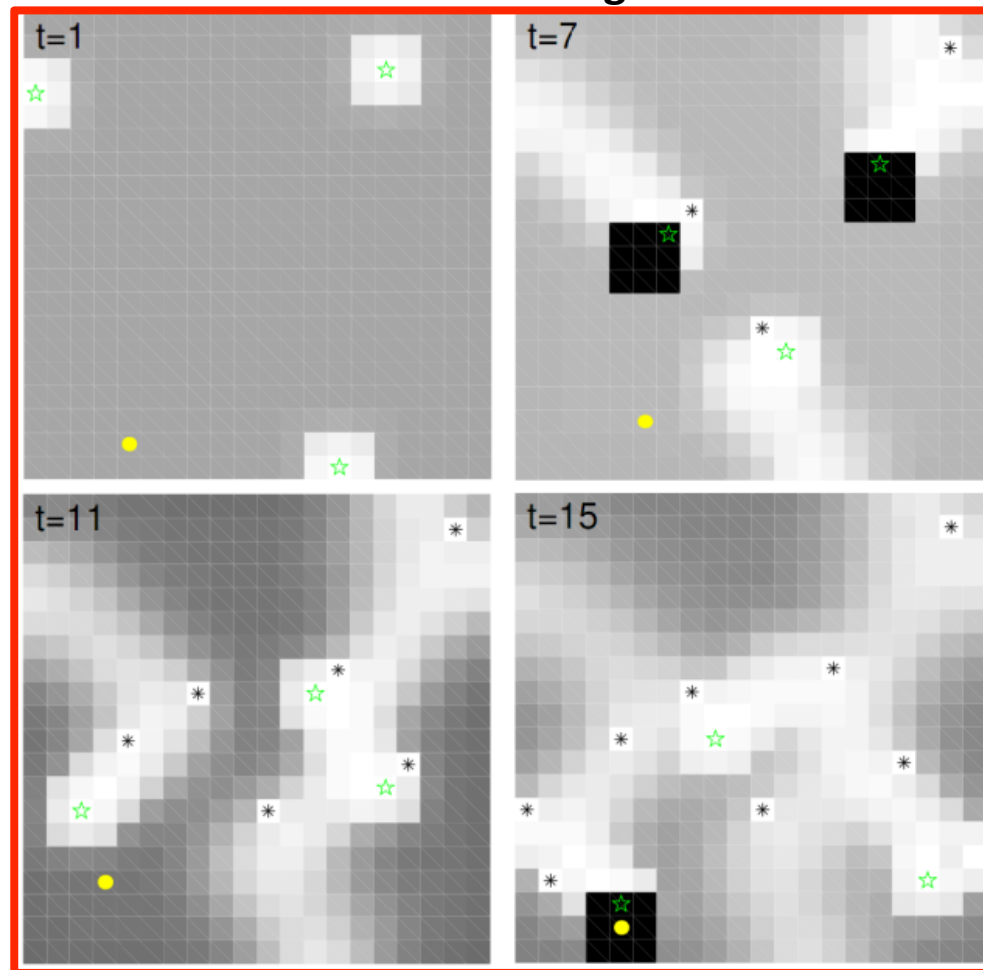
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Contributo dato al progetto

PATROLLING PROBABILISTICO Pursuit-evasion game

1. Modellizzazione Testbed
2. Modello terreno di ricerca e strategie di controllo (policy)
3. Implementazione sul Testbed



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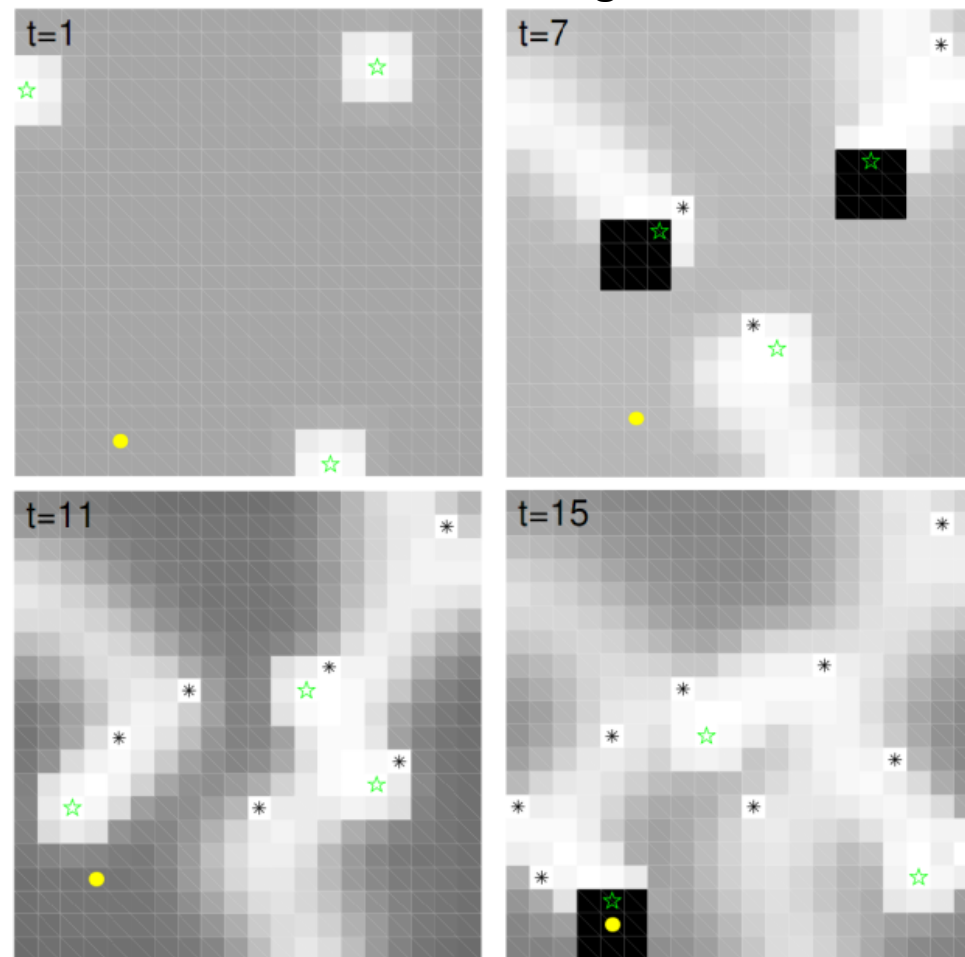
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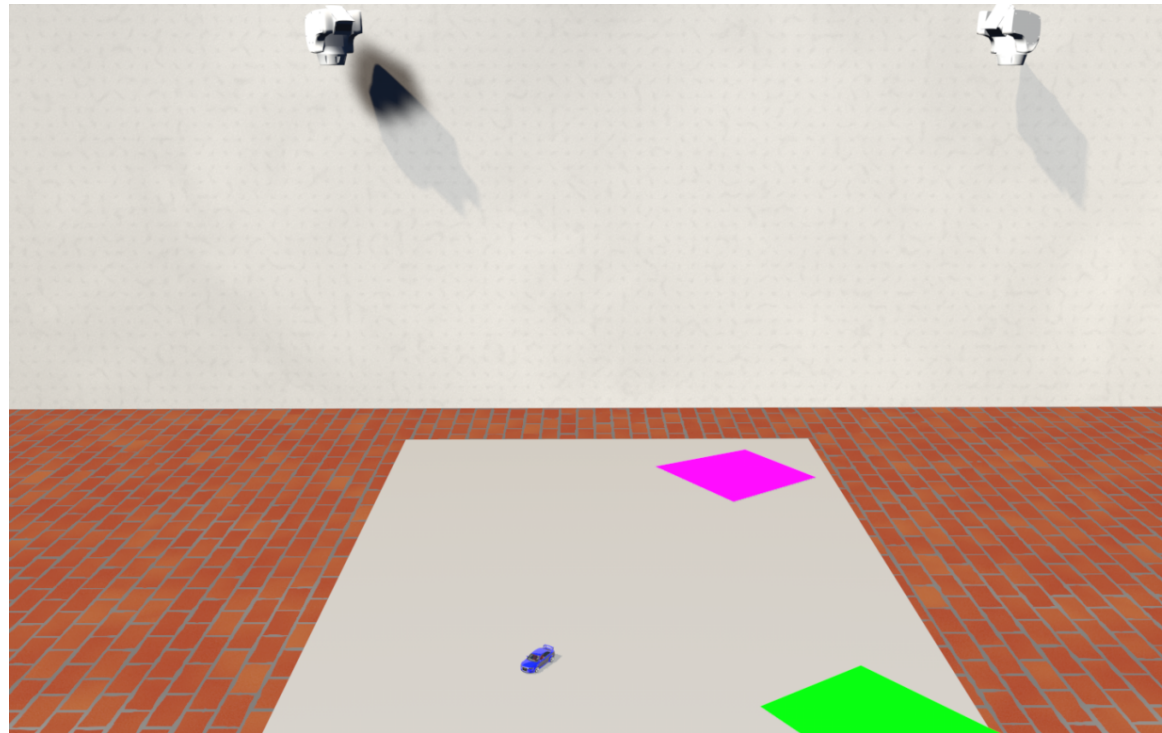
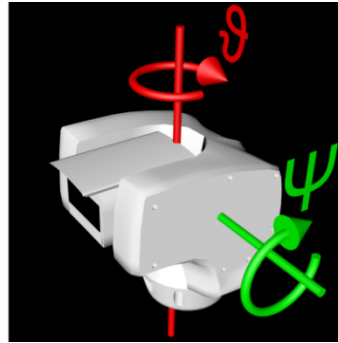
PATROLLING PROBABILISTICO Pursuit-evasion game



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Testbed (Automatic control lab, ETH)



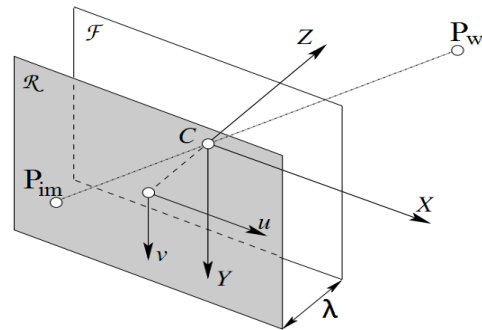
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Modellizzazione

Passo quantizzazione 250ms

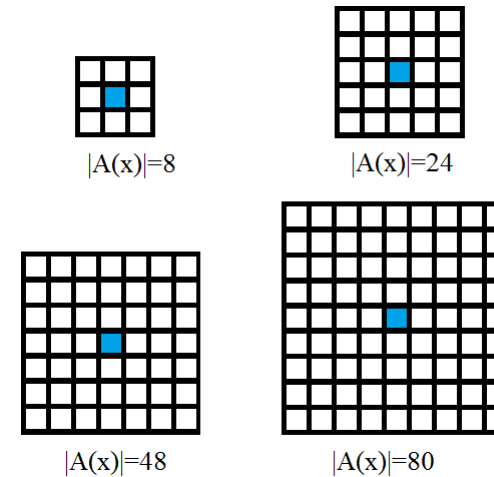
Modello Pinhole telecamera



$$\theta_i(t+1) = \theta_i(t) \pm 1.65^\circ \quad 0^\circ \leq \theta_i \leq 90^\circ$$

$$\psi_i(t+1) = \psi_i(t) \pm 1.65^\circ \quad 20^\circ \leq \psi_i \leq 90^\circ$$

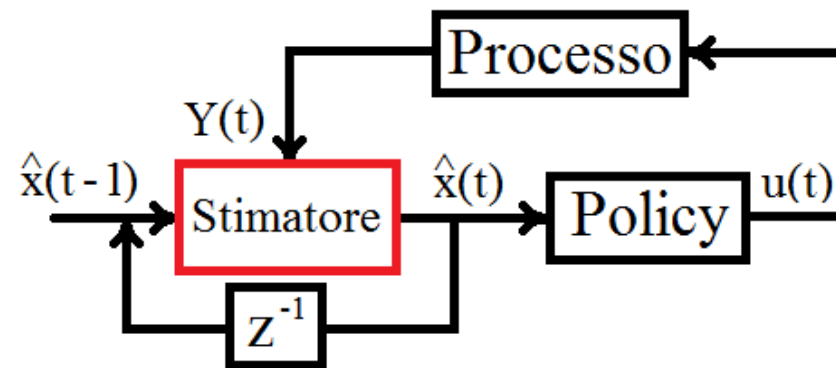
Modello Markoviano Evasore
($\rho, |A(x)|$)



Misure ($Y(t)$)

Mappa Predizioni ($x(t)$)

Policy (g)



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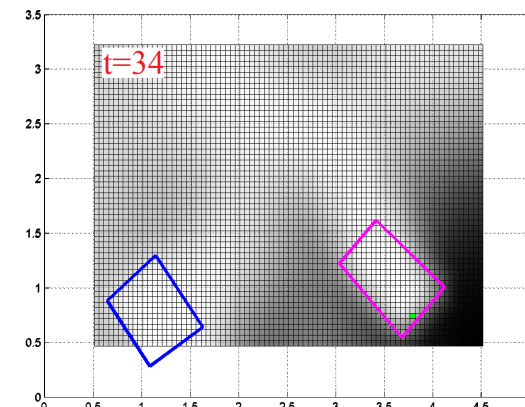
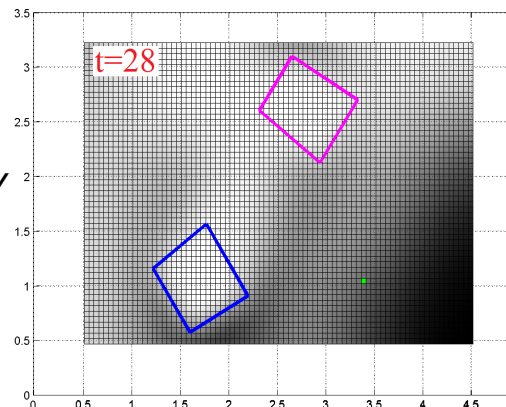
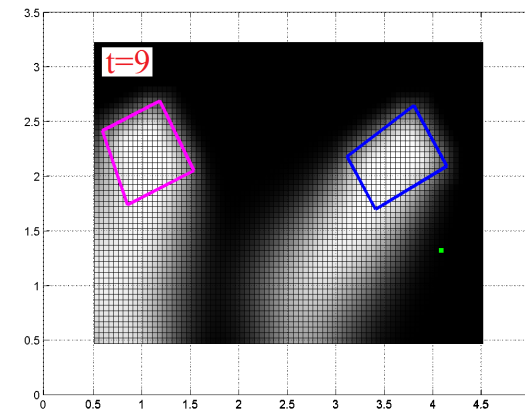
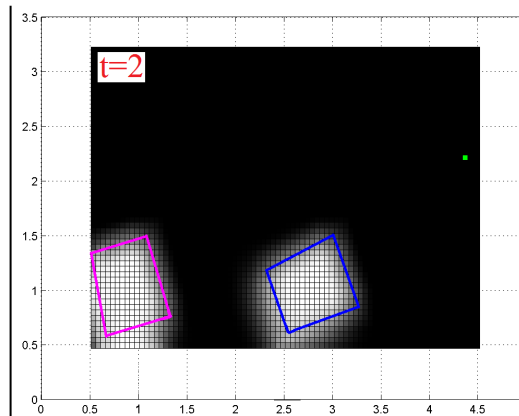
Update

- $P(x_e = x | Y_t = Y_t) = \alpha p_e(x, Y_{t-1}) Y_t$
- $p_e(x, Y_t) = (1 - |A(x)|\rho) P(x_e = x | Y_t = Y_t) + \rho \sum_{\bar{x} \in A(x)} P(x_e = \bar{x} | Y_t = Y_t)$

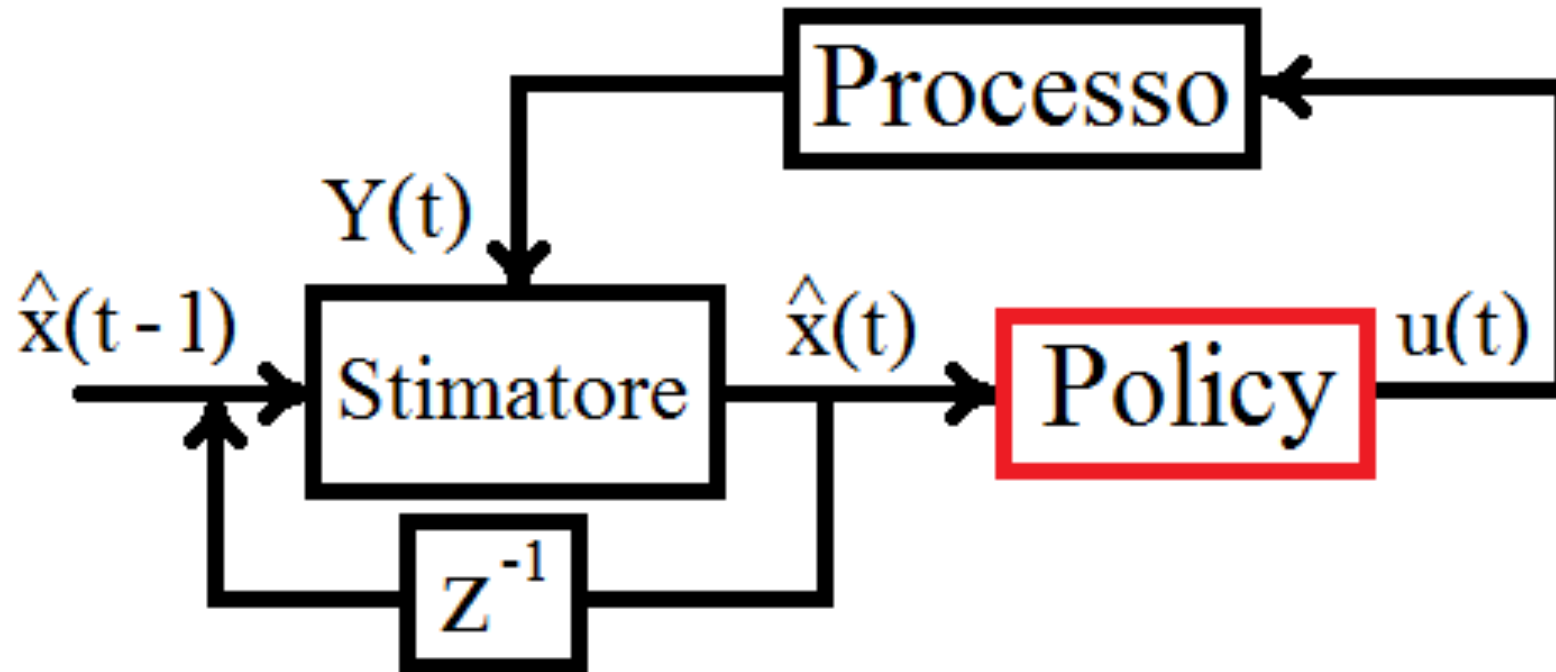


Misure

Giallo= Area Casella - Area interna /
Area Casella
Verde=0
Bianco=1



Controllo



Strategie di controllo

Policy utilizzate \bar{g}

- LOCALMAX
- TOTALMAX
- RANDOM
- LOCK

T^* È una variabile aleatoria discreta che tiene conto del primo istante di tempo in cui è trovato l'evasore, essa assume valori in $\bar{\mathcal{T}} = \{1, 2, \dots, +\infty\}$

$$E_{\bar{g}}[T^*] = \sum_{t=1}^{\infty} t f_{\bar{g}}(t) \left(\prod_{\tau=1}^{t-1} (1 - f_{\bar{g}}(\tau)) \right)$$

Persistenza

$$f_{\bar{g}} = P_{\bar{g}}(T^* = t | T^* \geq t) \geq \epsilon \quad \forall t$$

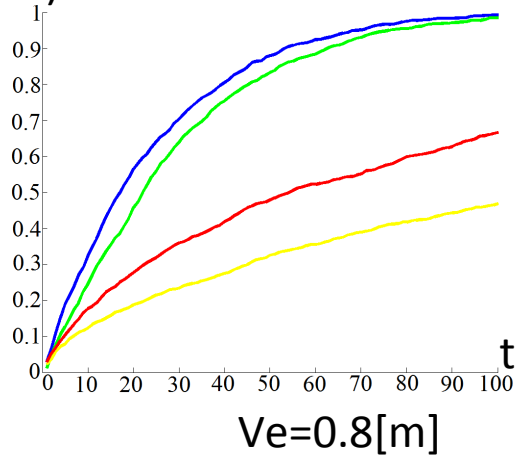
Persistenza in media di periodo T

$$\bar{f}_{\bar{g}} = P_{\bar{g}}(T^* \in \{t, t+1, \dots, t+T-1\} | T^* \geq t) \geq \epsilon \quad \forall t$$

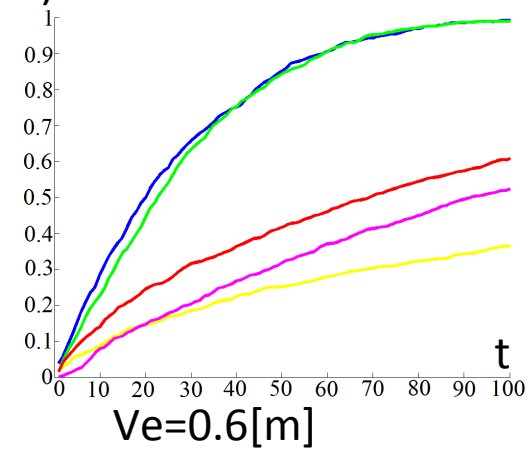


Simulazioni

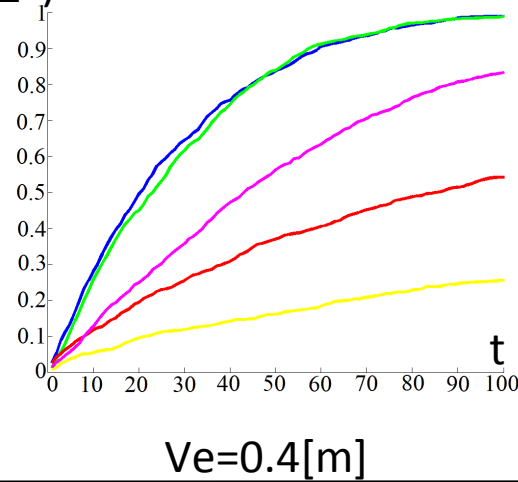
$$P(\mathcal{T}^* \leq t)$$



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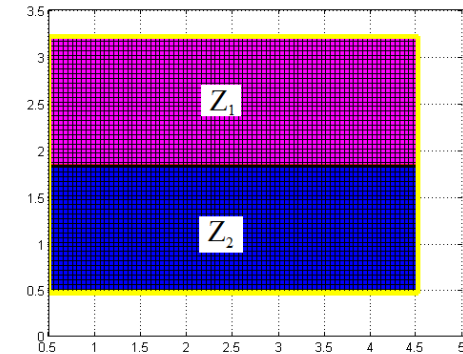
$$P(\mathcal{T}^* \leq t)$$



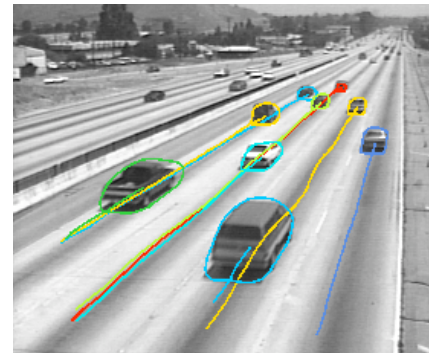
Conclusioni e Sviluppi Futuri

- Calcolo strategie stocastiche con evasore intelligente (Equilibrio di NASH)

- Soluzione decentralizzata tramite diagrammi di Voronoi



- Unione con algoritmo di Tracking



- Patrolling 3D



GRAZIE PER L' ATTENZIONE...